

Differentials project update

Angela Van de Wouw

**Vicki Elliott, Steve Marcroft, Barb Howlett, Trent
Potter, Kurt Lindbeck and Phil Salisbury.**

School of Botany
The University of Melbourne
23 Feb 2010



Australian Government

Grains Research and Development Corporation

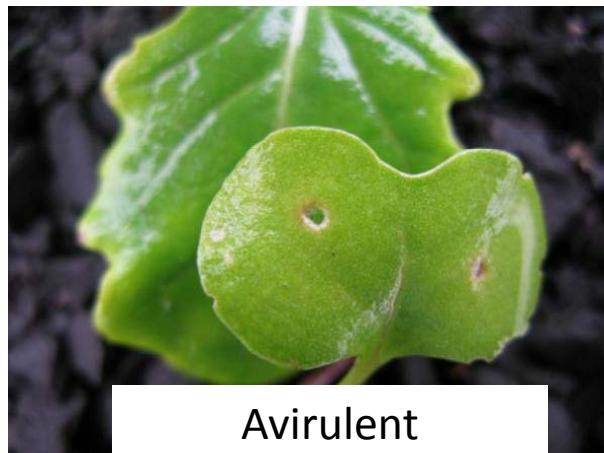


**Grains Research &
Development Corporation**

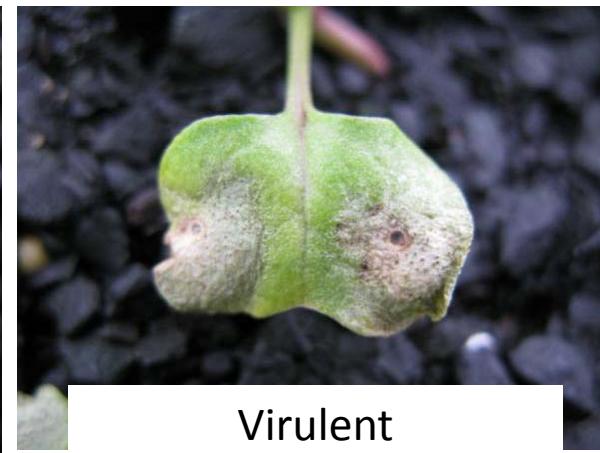


Brassica - L. maculans interaction

- Plant contains resistance genes
- Corresponding avirulence (*Avr*) gene in the fungus
- When the avirulence gene is mutated an isolate becomes virulent



Avirulent
(resistant reaction)

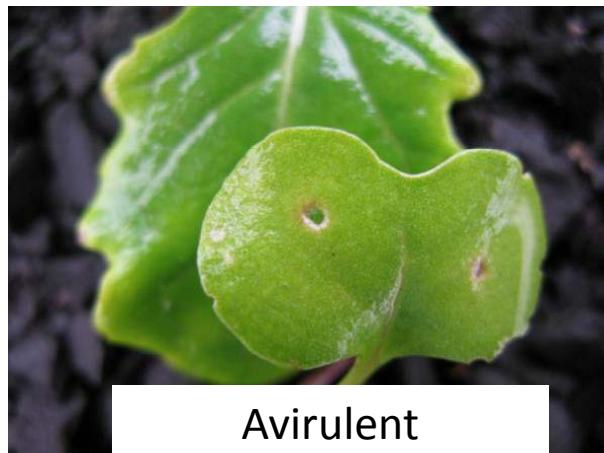


Virulent
(susceptible reaction)

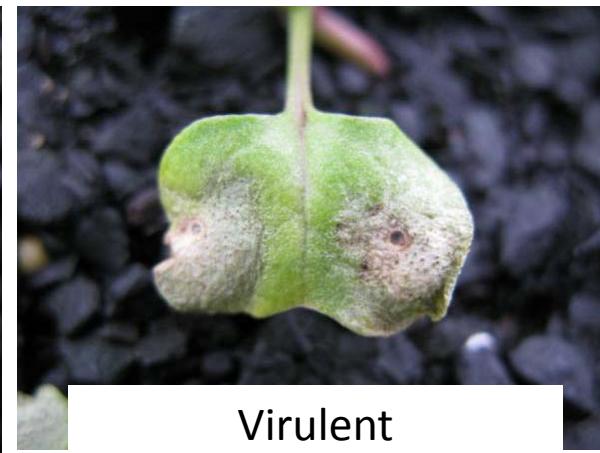


Background – major gene resistance

- Do not know suite of resistance genes in Australian varieties
- The French routinely characterize R genes in breeding lines and commercial varieties
- They use a differential set of isolates that can discriminate *Rlm1* – *Rlm9* and *LepR3*.



Avirulent
(resistant reaction)



Virulent
(susceptible reaction)



Background – adult plant resistance

- Adult plant (minor gene) resistance is also important in controlling blackleg

Cotyledon rating	Maturity Rating	Percentage
R	R	88
R	S	9
R	I	3
S	S	47
S	R	42
S	I	11

- Quantitative resistance increases the durability of qualitative resistance to *Leptosphaeria maculans* in *Brassica napus*

Brun *et al.*, 2010. New Phytologist

 - *Rlm6* crossed into a susceptible background and a background with minor gene resistance. Varieties sown into *B. napus* stubble
 - *Rlm6* rendered ineffective within 3 years in susceptible background but still effective after 5 years with minor gene resistance



Aims of the project

- Identify Australian blackleg isolates that can be used
 - to screen for known or unknown major gene resistance
 - to screen for adult plant resistance genes.
- Use these isolates to characterise resistance genes in Australian cultivars and lines
 - Group cultivars and lines with similar sources of resistance



Cotyledon pathogenicity screens

- Identify major gene resistance (*Rlm1-Rlm10*, *LepR1-4*)

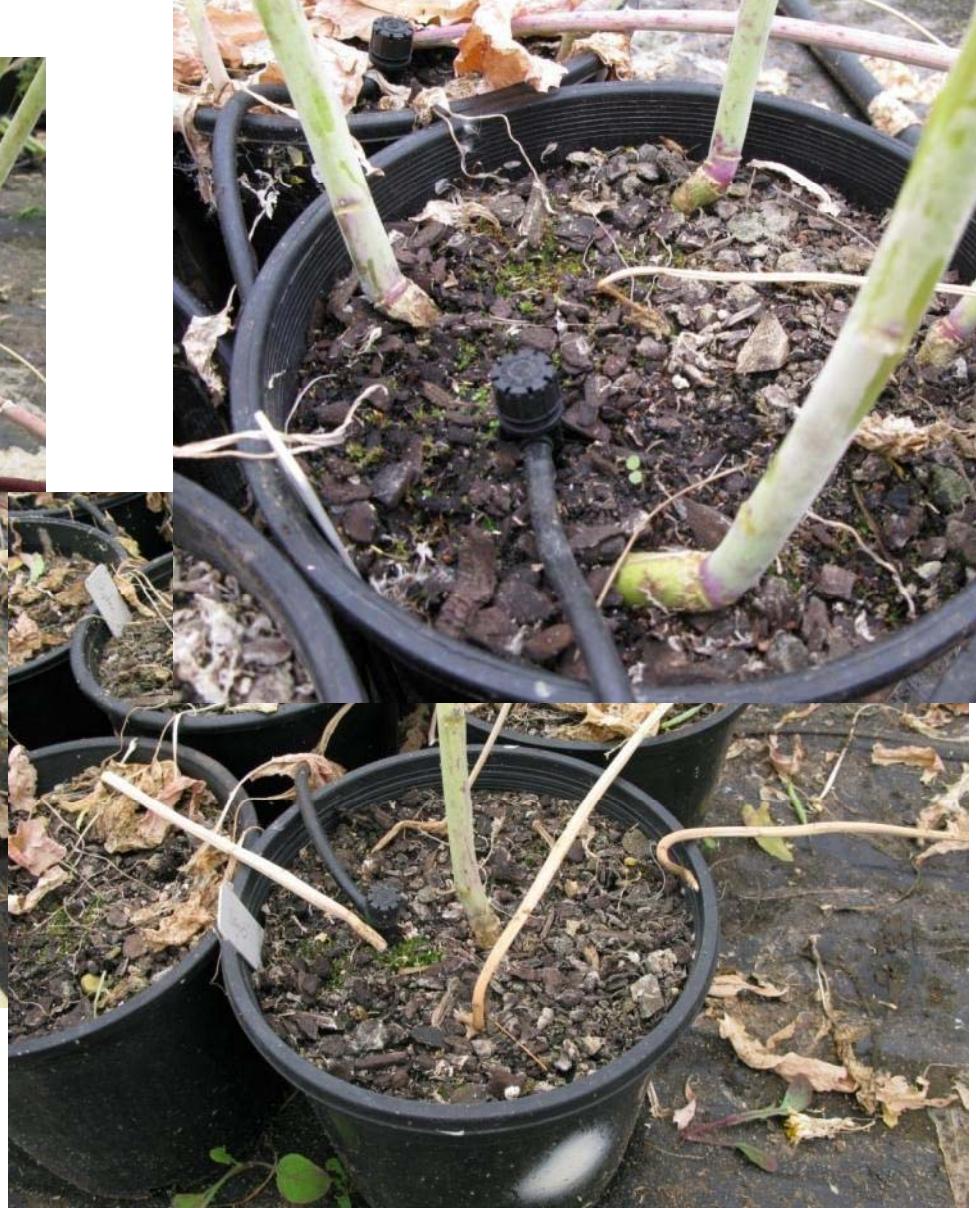
Same isolate screened on varieties with
different resistance genes



Virulent
(susceptible reaction)

Avirulent
(resistant reaction)

Identify different sources of adult plant resistance





Determining major-gene resistance using differential *L. maculans* isolates

- 33 varieties (30 *B. napus* and 3 *B. juncea*) sent to French
 - Screen with isolates of known Avr genotype
 - Identify major-gene resistance
 - *Rlm1-Rlm9* and *RlmS* (sylvestris-derived resistance)
 - Tells us which of these genes are present and which are absent
 - DOES NOT identify adult plant resistance

R genotypes of varieties

Variety	R genotype
Wesbrook	No R genes
AV Garnet	<i>Rlm1, Rlm9</i>
Caiman	<i>Rlm7, Rlm9 (Rlm4)</i>
Ripper	<i>Rlm2, Rlm4</i>
46C76	<i>Rlm3</i>
Oscar	<i>Rlm3</i>
Taparoo	<i>Rlm3</i>
Q2	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>
Tl1Pinnacle	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>
AG-Emblem	<i>Rlm4</i>
ATR Summit	<i>Rlm4</i>
BLN3347	<i>Rlm4</i>
Dunkeld	<i>Rlm4</i>
Karoo	<i>Rlm4</i>
Narendra	<i>Rlm4</i>
Thunder TT	<i>Rlm4</i>
Wesroona	<i>Rlm4</i>

Variety	R genotype
ATR Barra	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire4	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire1	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire2	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Skipton	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Tarcoola	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Tornado TT	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
46Y78	<i>RlmS?</i>
Surpass 400	<i>Rlm1, RlmS</i>
ATR Marlin	<i>RlmS?</i>
Av Jade	Potentially new R gene?
Dune	Potentially new R gene?
Hyola50	Potentially new R gene?
Oasis CL	Potentially new R gene?
Rocket CL	Potentially new R gene?
Sahara CL	Potentially new R gene?

R genotypes of varieties – *Rlm3*

Variety	R genotype
Wesbrook	No R genes
AV Garnet	<i>Rlm1, Rlm9</i>
Caiman	<i>Rlm7, Rlm9 (Rlm4)</i>
Ripper	<i>Rlm2, Rlm4</i>
46C76	<i>Rlm3</i>
Oscar	<i>Rlm3</i>
Taparoo	<i>Rlm3</i>
Q2	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>
TI1Pinnacle	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>
AG-Emblem	<i>Rlm4</i>
ATR Summit	<i>Rlm4</i>
BLN3347	<i>Rlm4</i>
Dunkeld	<i>Rlm4</i>
Karoo	<i>Rlm4</i>
Narendra	<i>Rlm4</i>
Thunder TT	<i>Rlm4</i>
Wesroona	<i>Rlm4</i>

Variety	R genotype
ATR Barra	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire4	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire1	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire2	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Skipton	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Tarcoola	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Tornado TT	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
46Y78	<i>RlmS?</i>
Surpass 400	<i>Rlm1, RlmS</i>
ATR Marlin	<i>RlmS?</i>
Av Jade	Potentially new R gene?
Dune	Potentially new R gene?
Hyola50	Potentially new R gene?
Oasis CL	Potentially new R gene?
Rocket CL	Potentially new R gene?
Sahara CL	Potentially new R gene?

R genotypes of varieties – *Rlm9*

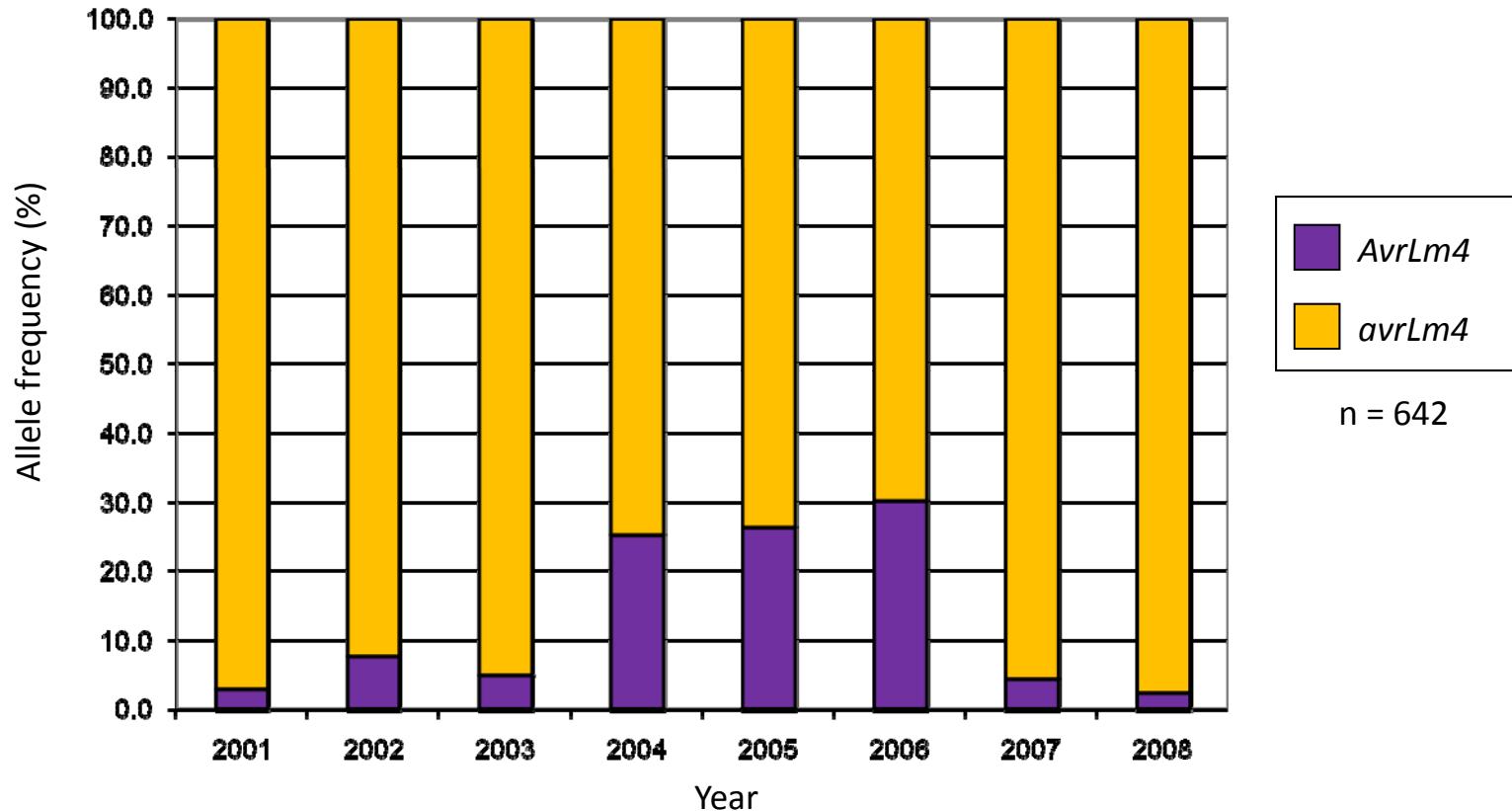
Variety	R genotype
Wesbrook	No R genes
AV Garnet	<i>Rlm1, Rlm9</i>
Caiman	<i>Rlm7, Rlm9 (Rlm4)</i>
Ripper	<i>Rlm2, Rlm4</i>
46C76	<i>Rlm3</i>
Oscar	<i>Rlm3</i>
Taparoo	<i>Rlm3</i>
Q2	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>
Tl1Pinnacle	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>
AG-Emblem	<i>Rlm4</i>
ATR Summit	<i>Rlm4</i>
BLN3347	<i>Rlm4</i>
Dunkeld	<i>Rlm4</i>
Karoo	<i>Rlm4</i>
Narendra	<i>Rlm4</i>
Thunder TT	<i>Rlm4</i>
Wesroona	<i>Rlm4</i>

Variety	R genotype
ATR Barra	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire4	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire1	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire2	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Skipton	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Tarcoola	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Tornado TT	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
46Y78	<i>RlmS?</i>
Surpass 400	<i>Rlm1, RlmS</i>
ATR Marlin	<i>RlmS?</i>
Av Jade	Potentially new R gene?
Dune	Potentially new R gene?
Hyola50	Potentially new R gene?
Oasis CL	Potentially new R gene?
Rocket CL	Potentially new R gene?
Sahara CL	Potentially new R gene?

R genotypes of varieties – *Rlm4*

Variety	R genotype	Variety	R genotype
Wesbrook	No R genes	ATR Barra	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV Garnet	<i>Rlm1, Rlm9</i>	AV-sapphire4	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Caiman	<i>Rlm7, Rlm9 (Rlm4)</i>	AV-sapphire1	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Ripper	<i>Rlm2, Rlm4</i>	AV-sapphire2	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
46C76	<i>Rlm3</i>	Skipton	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Oscar	<i>Rlm3</i>	Tarcoola	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Taparoo	<i>Rlm3</i>	Tornado TT	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Q2	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>	46Y78	<i>RlmS?</i>
TI1Pinnacle	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>	Surpass 400	<i>Rlm1, RlmS</i>
AG-Emblem	<i>Rlm4</i>	ATR Marlin	<i>RlmS?</i>
ATR Summit	<i>Rlm4</i>	Av Jade	Potentially new R gene?
BLN3347	<i>Rlm4</i>	Dune	Potentially new R gene?
Dunkeld	<i>Rlm4</i>	Hyola50	Potentially new R gene?
Karoo	<i>Rlm4</i>	Oasis CL	Potentially new R gene?
Narendra	<i>Rlm4</i>	Rocket CL	Potentially new R gene?
Thunder TT	<i>Rlm4</i>	Sahara CL	Potentially new R gene?
Wesroona	<i>Rlm4</i>		

AvrLm4 allele frequencies (2001 -2008)



- High frequency of isolates virulent towards *Rlm4*
 - Consistent with the presence of *Rlm4* in numerous Australian varieties



R genotypes of varieties – new R genes?

Variety	R genotype
Wesbrook	No R genes
AV Garnet	<i>Rlm1, Rlm9</i>
Caiman	<i>Rlm7, Rlm9 (Rlm4)</i>
Ripper	<i>Rlm2, Rlm4</i>
46C76	<i>Rlm3</i>
Oscar	<i>Rlm3</i>
Taparoo	<i>Rlm3</i>
Q2	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>
TI1Pinnacle	<i>Rlm3, Rlm9</i>
AG-Emblem	<i>Rlm4</i>
ATR Summit	<i>Rlm4</i>
BLN3347	<i>Rlm4</i>
Dunkeld	<i>Rlm4</i>
Karoo	<i>Rlm4</i>
Narendra	<i>Rlm4</i>
Thunder TT	<i>Rlm4</i>
Wesroona	<i>Rlm4</i>

Variety	R genotype
ATR Barra	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire4	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire1	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
AV-sapphire2	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Skipton	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Tarcoola	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
Tornado TT	<i>Rlm4, Rlm9</i>
46Y78	<i>RlmS?</i>
Surpass 400	<i>Rlm1, RlmS</i>
ATR Marlin	<i>RlmS?</i>
Av Jade	Potentially new R gene?
Dune	Potentially new R gene?
Hyola50	Potentially new R gene?
Oasis CL	Potentially new R gene?
Rocket CL	Potentially new R gene?
Sahara CL	Potentially new R gene?



Developing a set of Australian differential isolates

	IBCN13	IBCN15	IBCN16	IBCN17	IBCN18	IBCN75	IBCN76	PHW1223
<i>AvrLm1</i>	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	-
<i>AvrLm2</i>	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-
<i>AvrLm3</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-
<i>AvrLm4</i>	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-
<i>AvrLm5</i>	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
<i>AvrLm6</i>	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+
<i>AvrLm7</i>	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-
<i>AvrLm8</i>	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+
<i>AvrLm9</i>	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
<i>AvrLmS</i>	nd	+						

- Need to identify isolates that can attack ‘potentially new R genes’ and *LepR1-LepR4*
- Currently screening isolates on a range of the varieties with known R genes



Identifying adult plant resistance

- We want to characterise minor gene resistance
 - Screen varieties with single isolates that can differentiate classes of minor gene resistance, if present
- All 33 varieties were sown at Horsham across four different stubble sources
- Recorded lesion score at the first leaf stage and adult plant survival

Rlm4 varieties have different minor gene resistance

Cultivar	R gene	45Y77		ATR-Beacon		AV-Garnet		Dune	
		Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult
BLN3347	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	I
Emblem	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	I	S	R	S	R	S	I
Summitt	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	I	S	R	S	R
Dunkeld	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	I	S	I	S	R	S	I
Karoo	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Narendra	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Tarcoola	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	I
ThunderTT	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	R
Wesroona	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	I	S	S

- All varieties susceptible at the first leaf stage of development



Rlm4 varieties have different minor gene resistance

Cultivar	R gene	45Y77		ATR-Beacon		AV-Garnet		Dune	
		Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult
BLN3347	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	I
Emblem	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	I	S	R	S	R	S	I
Summitt	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	I	S	R	S	R
Dunkeld	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	I	S	I	S	R	S	I
Karoo	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Narendra	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Tarcoola	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	I
ThunderTT	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	R
Wesroona	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	I	S	S

- All varieties susceptible at the first leaf stage of development
- Not all varieties susceptible at the adult stage



Rlm4 varieties have different minor gene resistance

Cultivar	R gene	45Y77		ATR-Beacon		AV-Garnet		Dune	
		Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult	Lesion	Adult
BLN3347	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	I
Emblem	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	I	S	R	S	R	S	I
Summitt	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	I	S	R	S	R
Dunkeld	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	I	S	I	S	R	S	I
Karoo	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Narendra	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Tarcoola	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	I
ThunderTT	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	R
Wesroona	<i>Rlm4</i>	S	S	S	S	S	I	S	S

- All varieties susceptible at the first leaf stage of development
- Not all varieties susceptible at the adult stage
- Minor gene resistance does not behave the same on all stubble sources
 - potential to rotate major and minor R gene resistance



The year ahead

- Identify isolates that discriminate additional major R genes
- Screen varieties with single isolates that will discriminate minor R genes
 - Already identified potential isolates
 - Screen all cultivars with only *Rlm4* resistance with 20 single isolates
- Begin to characterise varieties into resistance groups

Acknowledgements



Dr Thierry Rouxel and Dr
Mylene Balesdent



Australian Government

Grains Research and Development Corporation



Grains Research &
Development Corporation